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#### **ALL WEBINAR**

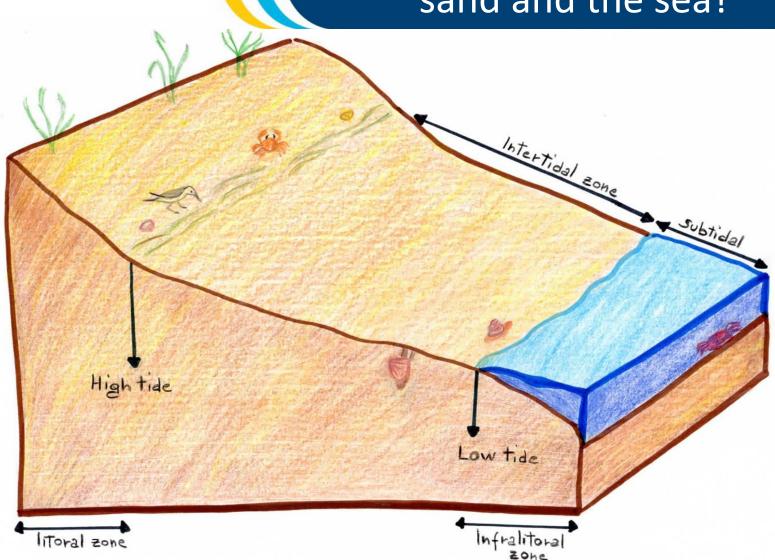
#### CHARACTERISTIC HABITATS OF THE MEDITERRANEAN SEA

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# How many floors between the sand and the sea?



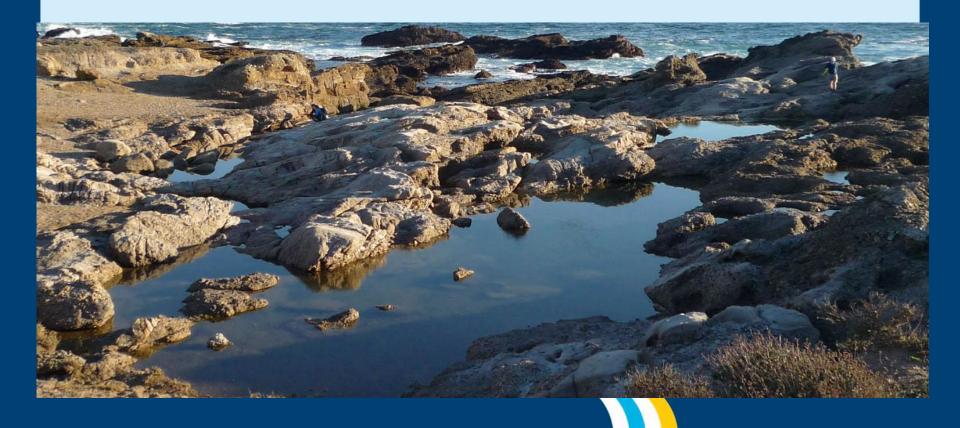
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# Rocky coast and tidal pool

- Tidal pool: shallow pool of seawater that forms on rocky intertidal shore.
- During the summer the temperature in the tidal pools can reach 35°C with a salinity up to 300 % .
- In the winter the rain dilutes the water and the salinity drops to 2-3 ‰ and the temperature reaches 4°C.







#### Acetabularia mediterranea

#### Butterfly benny (Bavosa sp.)





#### An artificial refuge between barriers and platforms

An artificial barrier is a man-made wall placed in a given area and used for:

- slowing down the coastal erosion,
- helping the fish replenishment.

Abandoned structures like wrecks or platforms may also serve as barriers; in different periods they are quickly colonized by plants and marine animals and become particularly attractive for the pioneering species.

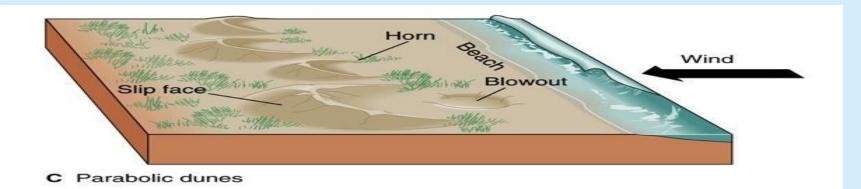
The material of which the barrier is made is really important, because of the degradation due to the seawater which can lead to the release of harmful substances for the life of the ecosystem.





## Dune landscape

- The term dune indicates a buildup of sediments caused by the action of the wind; the presence of the vegetation allows its balance and consolidation. Unfortunately it is disappearing throughout the Mediterranean due to the massive anthropization of the coasts.
- The function of the dunes is to defend the coasts from erosion; they
  are covered in vegetation that holds the sand that would otherwise
  be transported away by the action of the wind and the waves. The
  dunes, moreover, represent a precious environment to nest and
  shelter for many birds, small mammals and reptiles as well as
  hosting an incredible variety of plant species psammophile.





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## Life below and in the sand

The sandy sea bottom seems almost desert, but this is only because living organisms are less eye-catching and best hidden. Fish living on the seabed have developed evolutionary adaptations that have often led to the modification of their body as a flattened form, the development of appendages to "walk", to perceive the sunken prey or to reach a shelter. Their skins also change to become a camouflage and let them blend with the sand

the sand.

Can you see the sole?







Tub gurnad (Chelidonichthys lucerna)

The ventral fins of this fish have changed into "little legs " to permit an easy movement on the seafloor.



### The salty environment

When freshwaters mix with marine ones, for example in coastal areas such as lagoons, coastal ponds and estuaries, the resulting ecosystem is a peculiar and unstable one.

Its characteristics are:

- variability of the physical and chemical factors
- high productivity
- high speed to return to balance when there are environmental disturbances
- very adaptable species



European eel



# Quiz Time

- What's a tidal pool?
- a. little pool on the beach for the kids or
- b. Shallow pool of seawater that form on the rocky intertidal shore
- When artificial barriers can be important?
- What function have the dunes?