





















**SPACES** 























## In this module

- Student learning spaces come in many shapes, sizes and configurations.
- Understanding the linkage between the physical space and the teaching and learning that occurs in it.
- Learning community: community of people who learn through exploration, collaboration, problem-solving, and being creative and innovative.
- Example: CBL and Hackathon
- Takeaways and reflections













































#### PHYSICAL SPACE: SCHOOLS WITHOUT WALLS?

- PERSONAL SPACE
- CLASSROOM
- SCHOOL (GARDENS, SURROUNDING, ...)
- LOCAL TERRITORY AND COMMUNITY





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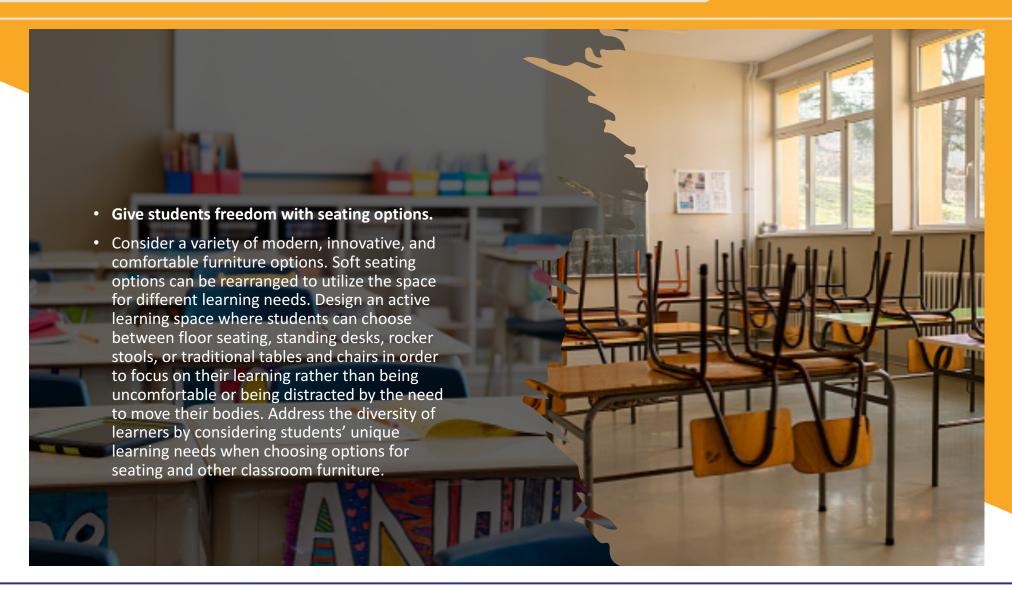


































- Create different learning spaces.
- Make room for special sessions.
- Don't waste extraspace.
- Think outside of the box.
- Don't forget the fun!





























## SPACE AS LEARNING

- Formal learning >>> spaces
- Informal learning >>> spaces
- No-formal learning >>> spaces









































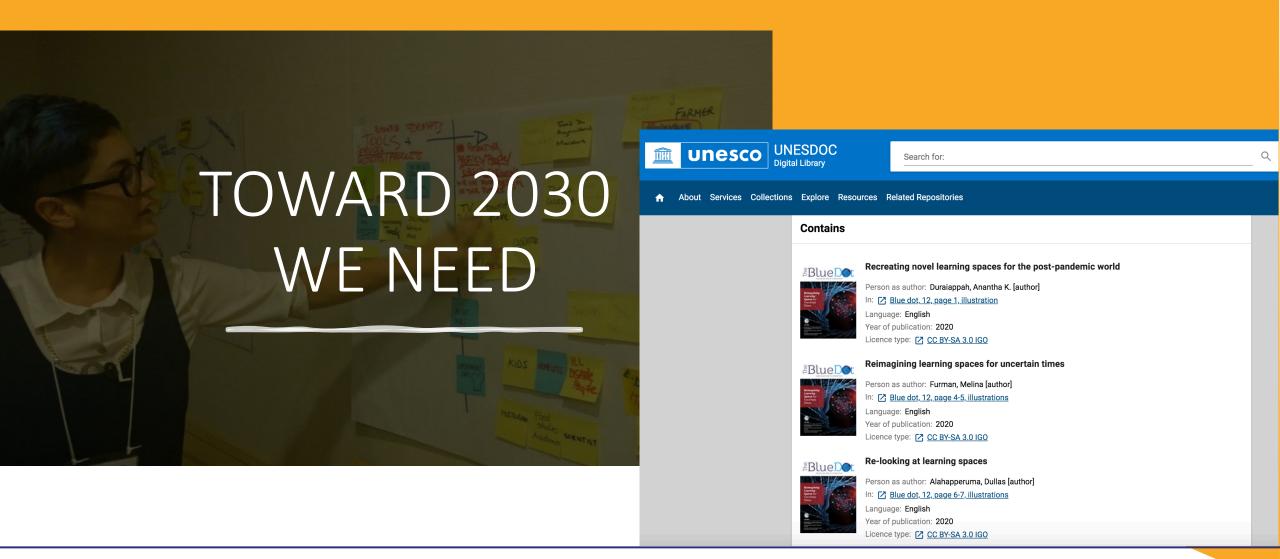














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#### **DESIGN THINKING** FOR DESIGNING LEARNING SPACES

















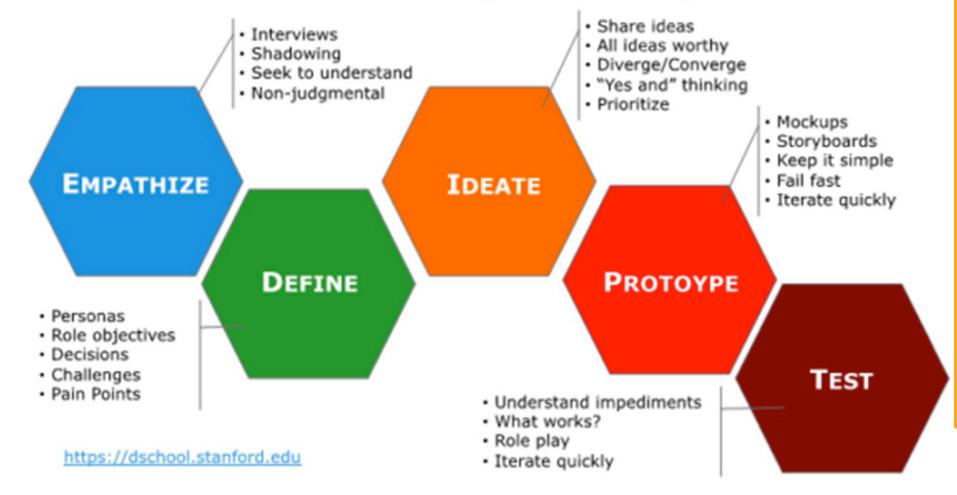








### Stanford d.school Design Thinking Process

























PROBLEM-BASED LEARNING



Students are given the **information** they need to know.

Students are asked to memorize the information.

Students are assigned a problem to apply the information.



Students are assigned a **problem** they need to solve.

Students must identify the needed information.

Students learn the information and apply it to solve the problem.























# Challenge-Based Learning (CBL)

• In a world that is constantly evolving and rapidly changing, also thanks to technologies, schools are changing their education approach to juggle and solve increasingly complex problems, considering different points of view. To quote American anthropologist Margaret Mead, schools are increasingly dedicated to teaching students 'how to think' and not 'what to think'.

• Challenge-Based Learning (CBL) is a pedagogical approach that actively engages students to identify, analyze and design the solution to a problem in a real-life situation (Tecnologico de Monterrey, 2015).

















































## Takeaways: COLLABORATIVE **SPACES**

- SPACE FOR CO-LEARNING
- SPACE FOR CO-CREATION
- CO.COSTRUCTION OF KNOWLEDGE
- CO-CREATION OF LEARNING























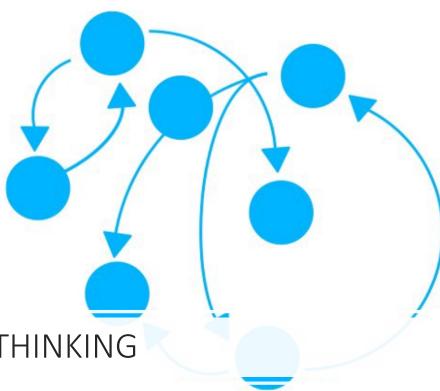




#### **Traditional thinking**



#### Systems thinking



SPACE FOR THINKING























## 1) SPACES FOR CO LEARNING, **CO-WORKING** AND CO-**CREATION**



#### 2) LEARNING SPACES TO EXALT **COMPETENCES**





#### Top 10 skills

in	2020	in	2015
1.	Complex Problem Solving	1.	Complex Problem Solving
2.	Critical Thinking	2.	Coordinating with Others
3.	Creativity	3.	People Management
4.	People Management	4.	Critical Thinking
5.	Coordinating with Others	5.	Negotiation
6.	Emotional Intelligence	6.	Quality Control
7.	Judgment and Decision Making	7.	Service Orientation
8.	Service Orientation	8.	Judgment and Decision Ma
9.	Negotiation	9.	Active Listening
10.	Cognitive Flexibility	10.	Creativity



























#### 3) FROM PROBLEMS TO OPPORTUNITIES

#### **POSITIVE THINKING ENVIRONMENTS**

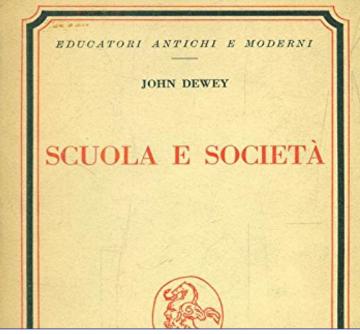


4) MORE SPACES FOR EXPERIENCES,

MORE EXPERIENCES FOR LEARNING

**Dewey APPROACH** 

FROM EXPERIENTALL LEARNING TO EMPOWER LEARNING EXPERIENCES

























#### 6) SYSTEM THINKING LEARNING IN TANGIBLE AND INTANBIGLE SPACES



























## 7) Having fun!

HAVING FUN!





















## Reflections

- How can we change the learning environment to adapt it to the most recent methodologies for teaching and learning?
- Do you work in a Teacher-centered space or in a Student-centered learning space?
- How does space shape learning behaviors and support learning?
- What impact will the pandemic have on the design of physical learning spaces of the future? Will layouts change? Will new types of classroom technologies have greater importance? How can learning spaces take advantage of increased flexibility and greater opportunities for diverse learners across multiple dimensions?























### RETHINK YOUR CURRENT **CLASSROOMS** SETTING AND PRACTICES WITH **NEW IDEAS TO TRANSFORM IT** AND DISCOVER HOW LEARNING SPACE SHAPE LEARNING AND TEACHING **BEHAVIORS**

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